GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS STRATEGIES

Matthews Emerging Markets Sustainable Future Fund

September 30, 2026

Investment Objective

Long-term capital appreciation.

Strategy

Under normal circumstances, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of its net assets, which include borrowings for investment purposes, in the common and preferred stocks of companies of any market capitalization located in emerging market countries that satisfy one or more of the Fund's environmental, social and governance ("ESG") standards. Emerging market countries generally include every country in the world except the United States, Australia, Canada, Hong Kong, Israel, Japan, New Zealand, Singapore and most of the countries in Western Europe. Certain emerging market countries may also be classified as "frontier" market countries, which are a subset of emerging market countries with newer or even less developed economies and markets, such as Sri Lanka and Vietnam.

Risks

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Matthews Emerging Markets Sustainable Future Fund's consideration of ESG factors in making its investment decisions may impact the Fund's relative investment performance positively or negatively. Investing in international and emerging markets may involve additional risks,such as social and political instability, market illiquidity, exchange-rate fluctuations, a high level of volatility and limited regulation.These and other risks associated with investing in the Fund can be found in the prospectus.

FUND FACTS

	Investor Class	Institutional Class
Ticker	MASGX	MISFX
CUSIP	577130727	577130719
Inception	04/30/15	04/30/15
NAV	$19.00	$19.03
Initial Investment	$2,500	$100,000
Gross Expense Ratio	1.35%	1.24%
Net Expense Ratio[1]	1.35%	1.15%

Portfolio Statistics

Net Assets $319.2 million

Benchmark

MSCI Emerging Markets Index[2]

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Sean Taylor
Portfolio Manager

Mark W. Headley
Portfolio Manager

Cecilia Lau
Portfolio Manager

Kathlyn Collins
Portfolio Manager

INVESTMENT APPROACH

Matthews Asia believes in the long-term growth of Asia, one of the world's fastest-growing regions. Since 1991, we have focused our efforts and expertise in these countries, investing through a variety of market environments. With $6.7 billion in assets under management as of September 30, 2026 Matthews Asia employs a bottom-up, fundamental investment philosophy with a focus on long-term investment performance.

Portfolio characteristics for the Fund may vary from time to time from what is shown. It should not be assumed that any investment in the securities listed was or will be profitable.

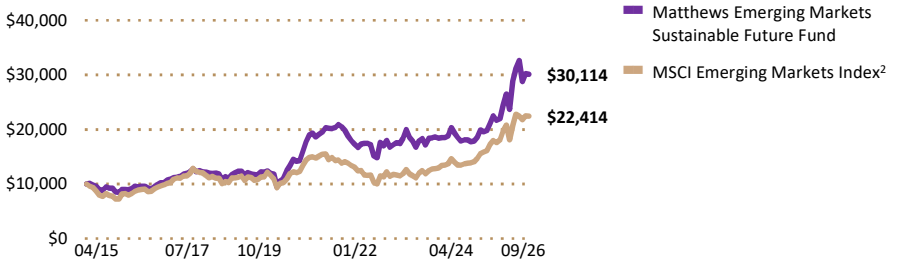
You should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Matthews Asia Funds before making an investment decision. A prospectus or summary prospectus with this and other information about the Funds may be obtained by visiting matthewsasia.com. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

Before July 29, 2022, the Fund was managed with a different investment strategy and may have achieved different performance results under its current investment strategy from the performance shown for periods before that date.

PERFORMANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2026

				Average Annual Total Returns			
	3 Months	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception
Investor Class	-7.77%	37.18%	42.65%	18.95%	8.18%	12.11%	10.14%
Institutional Class	-7.76%	37.40%	42.86%	19.17%	8.36%	12.33%	10.35%
MSCI Emerging Markets Index	-0.24%	23.73%	29.65%	24.69%	9.44%	9.53%	7.32%

GROWTH OF A HYPOTHETICAL $10,000 INVESTMENT SINCE INCEPTION — INVESTOR



The performance data and graph do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on dividends, capital gain distributions or redemption of fund shares. Values are in US$. Source: BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc.

1 Matthews has contractually agreed to waive fees and reimburse expenses to limit the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses until April 30, 2027. Please see the Fund's prospectus for additional details.

2 The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization- weighted index of the stock markets of Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Greece, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Mexico, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey and United Arab Emirates. Index is for comparative purposes only it is not possible to invest directly in an index.

Performance assumes reinvestment of all dividends and/or distributions before taxes. All performance quoted represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. *Investment return and principal value will fluctuate with market conditions so that when redeemed, shares may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the return figures quoted. Returns would have been lower if certain of the Fund's fees and expenses had not been waived. For the Fund's most recent month-end performance visit matthewsasia.com.*

Matthews Emerging Markets Sustainable Future Fund

September 30, 2026

TOP TEN HOLDINGS[3]

	Country	% of Net Assets
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	8.3%
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	South Korea	7.4%
Eugene Technology Co., Ltd.	South Korea	4.8%
SK Square Co., Ltd.	South Korea	4.5%
Bandhan Bank, Ltd.	India	3.8%
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	3.7%
Alibaba Group Holding, Ltd.	China/Hong Kong	3.5%
Marico, Ltd.	India	3.1%
Piraeus Bank SA	Greece	2.3%
HD Hyundai Electric Co., Ltd.	South Korea	2.2%
% OF ASSETS IN TOP TEN		43.6%

COUNTRY ALLOCATION (%)[4]

	Fund	Benchmark	Difference
South Korea	22.0	21.4	0.6
Taiwan	20.2	28.9	-8.7
China/Hong Kong	18.6	19.8	-1.2
India	16.5	10.7	5.8
Brazil	5.0	4.1	0.9
Greece	2.3	0.6	1.7
Turkey	2.1	0.4	1.7
Romania	1.6	0.0	1.6
Hungary	1.1	0.3	0.8
Poland	0.9	1.2	-0.3
Indonesia	0.9	0.4	0.5
Saudi Arabia	0.7	2.3	-1.6
Argentina	0.7	0.0	0.7
Jordan	0.3	0.0	0.3
Vietnam	0.2	0.0	0.2
South Africa	0.0	2.9	-2.9
Mexico	0.0	1.6	-1.6
United Arab Emirates	0.0	1.2	-1.2
Thailand	0.0	0.9	-0.9
Malaysia	0.0	0.9	-0.9
Other*	0.0	2.3	-2.3
Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities	6.7	0.0	6.7

*Other includes the following allocation for the Benchmark: Kuwait, 0.5%; Peru, 0.4%; Qatar, 0.4%; Chile, 0.4%; Colombia, 0.2%; Philippines, 0.2%; Czech Republic, 0.1%; Egypt, 0.1%.

Not all countries are included in the benchmark index.

Source: FactSet Research Systems

SECTOR ALLOCATION (%)[4]

	Fund	Benchmark	Difference
Information Technology	36.3	43.8	-7.5
Financials	20.6	19.3	1.3
Industrials	12.9	6.3	6.6
Consumer Discretionary	10.3	7.4	2.9
Consumer Staples	4.2	2.6	1.6
Health Care	3.6	2.7	0.9
Utilities	2.1	1.9	0.2
Communication Services	1.7	5.9	-4.2
Real Estate	1.6	1.0	0.6
Materials	0.0	5.8	-5.8
Energy	0.0	3.4	-3.4
Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities	6.7	0.0	6.7

Sector data based on MSCI's revised Global Industry Classification Standards. For more details, visit www.msci.com.

Source: FactSet Research Systems

MARKET CAP EXPOSURE (%)[4,5]

	Fund	Benchmark	Difference
Mega Cap (over $25B)	48.2	74.1	-25.9
Large Cap ($10B-$25B)	15.1	17.8	-2.7
Mid Cap ($3B-$10B)	19.0	8.0	11.0
Small Cap (under $3B)	10.9	0.1	10.8
Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities	6.7	0.0	6.7

Source: FactSet Research Systems

PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

	Fund	Benchmark
Number of Positions	60	1,165
Weighted Avg. Market Cap (in billions)	$286.9	$484.9
Active Share[6]	76.7	n.a.
P/E Using FY1 Estimates[7]	12.6x	11.1x
P/E Using FY2 Estimates[7]	9.8x	9.0x
Price/Cash Flow[8]	13.5	11.3
Price/Book[9]	2.8	2.4
Return on Equity[10]	19.1	21.2
EPS Growth (3 Years)[11]	28.2%	22.4%

Source: FactSet Research Systems

Matthews Asia

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Investing in emerging and frontier securities involves greater risks than investing in securities of developed markets, as issuers in these countries generally disclose less financial and other information publicly or restrict access to certain information from review by non-domestic authorities. Emerging and frontier markets tend to have less stringent and less uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, limited regulatory or governmental oversight, and limited investor protection or rights to take action against issuers, resulting in potential material risks to investors. Investing in small- and mid-size companies is more risky than investing in larger companies as they may be more volatile and less liquid than large companies. In addition, single-country funds may be subject to a higher degree of market risk than diversified funds because of concentration in a specific industry, sector or geographic location. Pandemics and other public health emergencies can result in market volatility and disruption.

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The Benchmark used for comparison on this page is the MSCI Emerging Markets Index.

3 Holdings may combine more than one security from the same issuer and related depositary receipts.

4 Percentage values in data are rounded to the nearest tenth of one percent; the values may not sum to 100% due to rounding. Percentage values may be derived from different data sources and may not be consistent with other Fund literature.

5 Equity market cap of issuer.

6 Active Share is calculated by taking the absolute value of the difference between portfolio holdings and benchmark weights, summing all of these differences, and dividing by two. The calculation will result in an active share number between 0%, which indicates the portfolio perfectly replicates the benchmark, and 100%, which indicates there is no overlap whatsoever between the portfolio and the index. Active Share was calculated including cash held in the Fund.

7 The P/E Ratio is the share price of a stock as of the report date, divided by the forecasted earnings per share for a 12-month period (FY1) or a 24-month period (FY2). For the Fund, this is the weighted harmonic average estimated P/E ratio of all the underlying stocks in the Fund, excluding negative earners. There is no guarantee that the composition of the Fund will remain unchanged, or that forecasted earnings of a stock will be realized. Information provided is for illustrative purposes only.

8 A measure of the market's expectations of a firm's future financial health. Because this measure deals with cash flow, the effects of depreciation and other non-cash factors are removed. Similar to price/earnings ratio, this measure provides an indication of relative value.

9 Price-to-Book Ratio (P/B Ratio) is used to compare a stock's market value to its book value. It is calculated by dividing the current closing price of the stock by the latest quarter's book value per share. A lower P/B ratio could mean that the stock is undervalued.

10 Return on Equity (ROE) is the amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Return on equity measures a corporation's profitability by revealing how much profit a company generates with the money shareholders have invested, and is calculated as net income divided by shareholder's equity.

11 Earnings Per Share (EPS) is the amount of annual profit (after tax and all other expenses) attributable to each share in a company. EPS is calculated by dividing profit by the average number of shares in a company. Earnings growth is not a measure of a fund's future performance.

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